





Group Financial Performance Overview

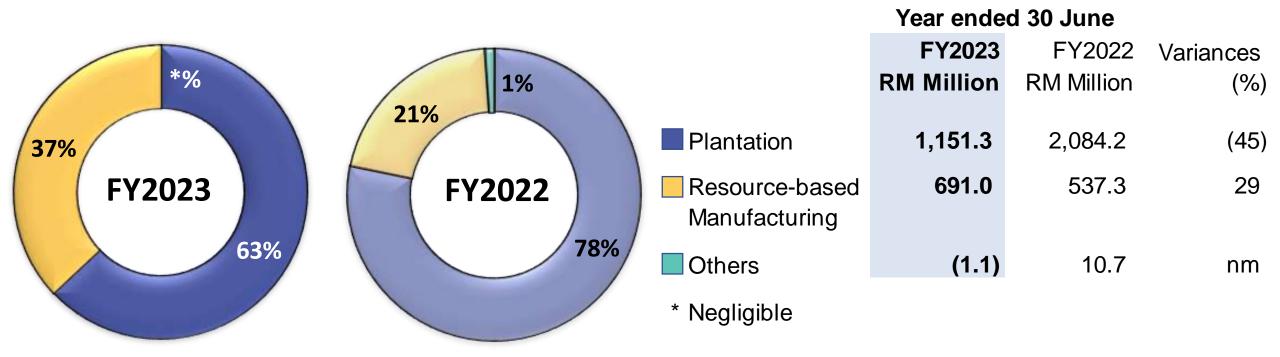
Year	end	ed	30	June
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	FY2023	FY2022	Variances
	RM Million	RM Million	(%)
Revenue	11,583.8	15,578.7	(26)
Profit before Interest and Tax (PBIT)	1,815.5	2,494.2	(27)
Profit before Tax (PBT)	1,526.0	2,352.6	(35)
Underlying PBT*	1,764.3	2,547.7	(31)
Profit after Tax (PAT)	1,130.0	1,768.9	(36)
Basic EPS (sen)	17.95	27.74	

^{*}exclude non-operating and one-off items

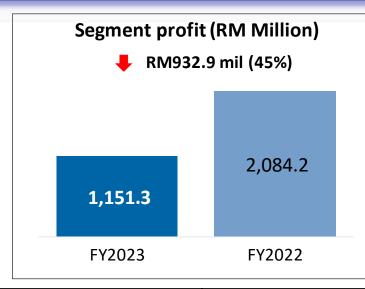


Segment Profit



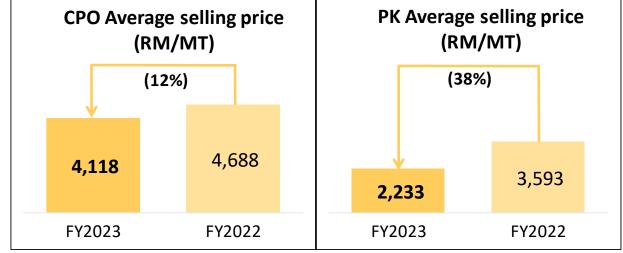


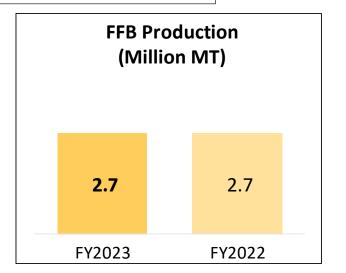
Segment Profit – Plantation



Lower profit mainly due to:

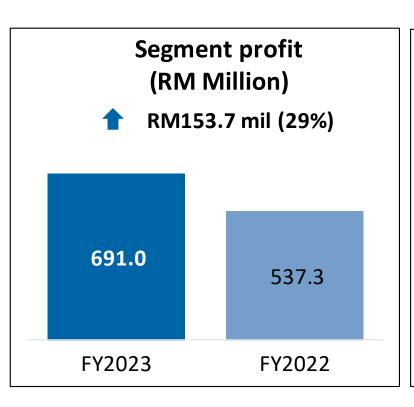
- Lower commodity prices
- Higher cost of production
- Lower share of associates results due to lower commodity price

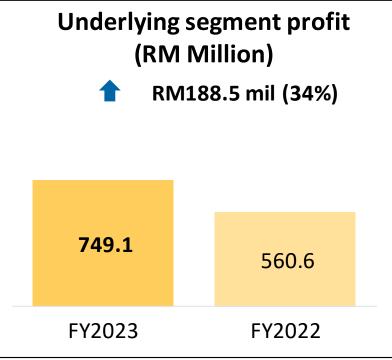






Segment Profit – Resource-based Manufacturing





Higher underlying profit mainly due to:

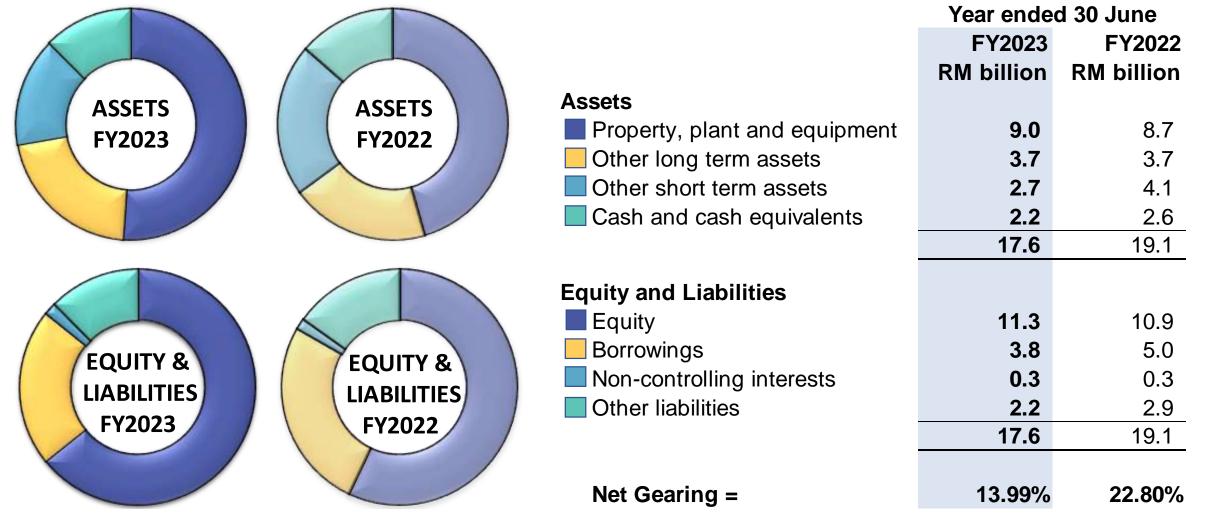
 Higher margins from refining sub-segment

partially offset by:

 Lower margins from the oleochemical sub-segment

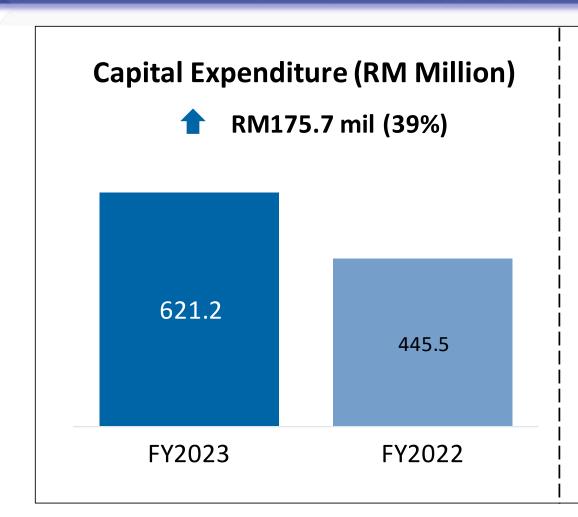


Balance Sheet





Capital Expenditure



Higher capital expenditure mainly due to:

- Higher replanting and new planting cost due to higher planting area
- Higher expenditure on mechanisation and digitalisation
- Completed construction of IOI Palm Wood factory



Equity Repayments

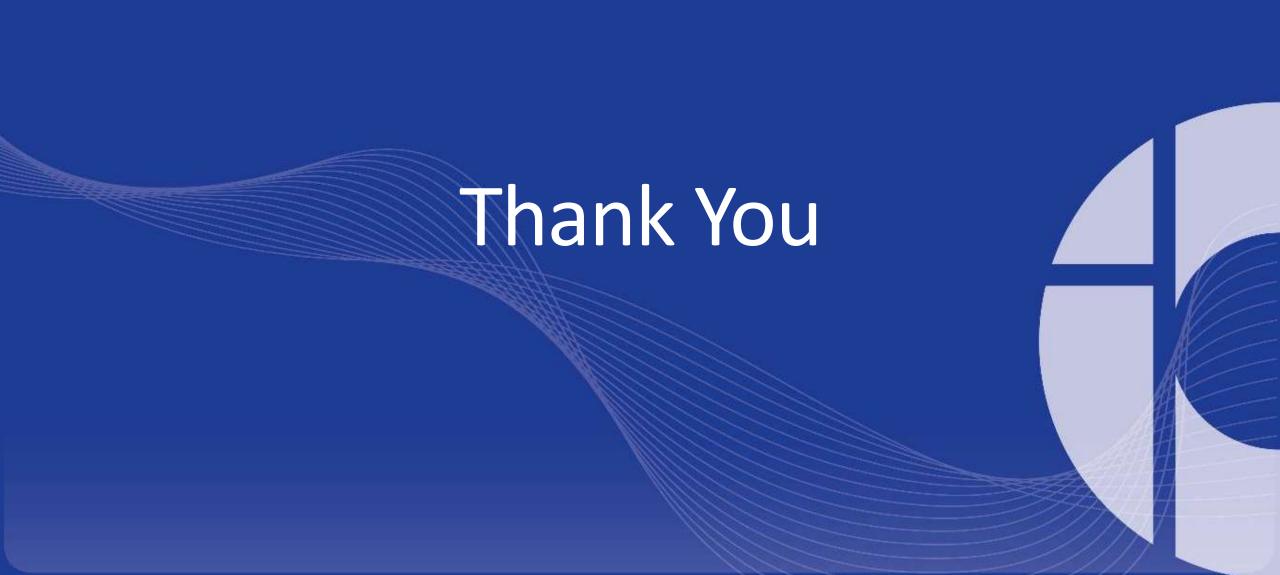
Total Dividend declared for the financial year ended 30 June 2023:
 11 sen per share

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	FY2023		
	RM Million	sen per share	
1st interim Payment on 24 March 2023	372.4	6.0	
2nd interim Payment on 22 September 2023	310.2	5.0	
	682.6	11.0	

 Share Buy Back during FY23 at an average price of RM3.71 per share for a total consideration of approximately RM 34.4 million.







IOI's Sustainability Journey Forward

Dr. Surina Ismail, Group Head of Sustainability, IOI Corporation Berhad October 27, 2023







IOI's Approach to Corporate Sustainability

Vision, Pillars & Approach to Sustainability

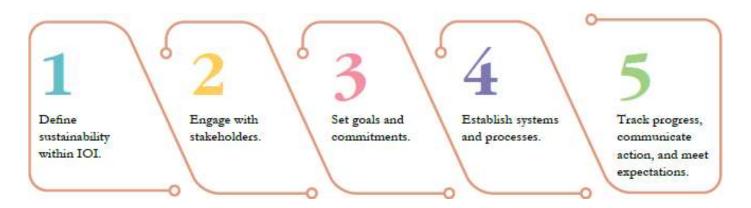
Sustainability Vision

We should meet the needs of the present without compromising that of the future generations by:

Committing to protect, rehabilitate, and preserve the environment where we live in. Ensuring that the economic, social wellbeing and health of our employees and families as well as the wider communities are safeguarded.

Leading and innovating as well as embedding sustainability into our business.

IOI's Corporate Sustainability and 3 Pillars of Sustainability: A business strategy (economic pillar) for the PROSPERITY of the company (long-term growth) that works in harmony with PEOPLE & PLANET (3Ps)



Approach to **Sustainability**

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IOI's Approach to Strong Governance

Integration of Corporate Governance



Adopted 6 UNSDGs most relevant to our business









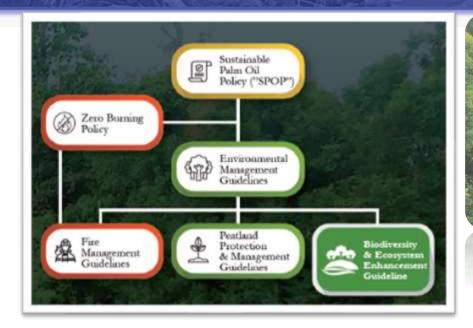






IOI's Approach on Environment

Environmental Management Policies & Guidelines



RELeaf project

- Ongoing collaboration with Nestle on rehabilitation of riparian buffers of the Kinabatangan River near our estates and completed tree planting in some of our area.
- Native saplings and seedlings will be used under the recommendation of Forestry Consultancy.
- All saplings and seedlings to be sourced from local communities to increase and promote local, social inclusivity.



IOI Plantation and Nestle Project REleaf team conducted two field surveys in November 2021 and June 2022, respectively

Laran Tree Planting Project

- Introduced in flood-prone areas in Sabah's Syarimo 4 estate to facilitate rehabilitation.
- Initial site survey was completed and the project has transitioned to the rehabilitation phase.
- Positive biodiversity impacts were noted through sightings of wildlife like the Sambar Deer and Rufous-tailed Shama at the site.
- Fruit trees that promote native wildlife return were found within the project site.



Picture of a Sambar deer (Left) and Rufous-tailed Shama (Right) found within the project size.

Orangutan & Proboscis Monkey conservation in Sabah and Kalimantan

- Ongoing collaboration with Balai Konservasi Sumber Daya
 Alam ("BKSDA") for orangetan conservation by renewing our
 MOU
- Activities include relocation of orangutans to their habitat, continuous species monitoring and capacity building for staff members to handle human-wildlife conflict.
- Collaboration since 2019 with HUTAN-Kinabatangan Orangutan Conservation Programme ("KOCP"), the Palm Oil & NGO ("PONGO") Alliance & Sabah wildlife on monitoring the orangutan and Proboscis monkey population in Sabah.



Biodiversity & Ecosystem Enhancement Guideline



Execution & Management

Threat
Monitoring
& Crisis
Management

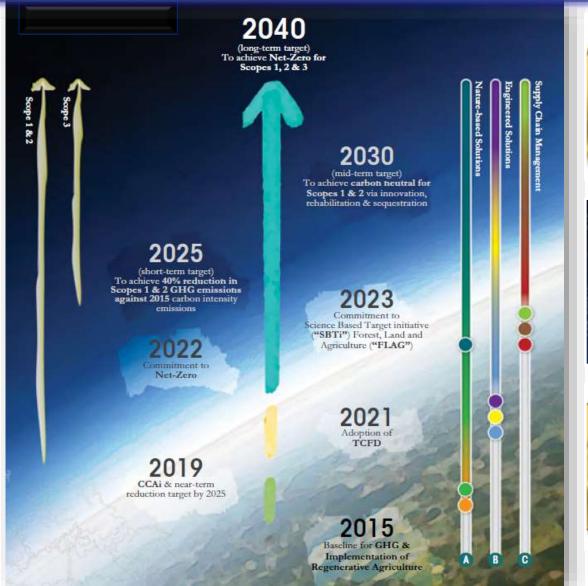
Impact Evaluation, Mitigation, Protection & Enhancement

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IOI's Corporation KPI on Climate Change

Alignment with TCFD & SBTi FLAG - Pathway to Net Zero by 2040





Nature-based Solutions

- No Deforestation, No New Planting on Peat, & No Social Exploitation ("NDPE")
- Reforestation, Rehabilitation & Protection of Conservation Areas
- Enhance Biodiversity & Ecosystem

Engineered Solutions

- Technology & Innovation
- Renewable Energy
- 7Rs of Circularity





Supply Chain Management

- Supplier Awareness & Capacity Building
- Climate-related Procurement Standards & Principles
- Efficient Green Supplier Selection Process

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IOI's Approach on Social Issues

Mitigating Social Issues – Social Impact Assessment (SIA)





IOI's Digital Transformation Programs

Initiatives to help prevent Force & Child Labour



Implementation of SAP ERP system

 Standardisation on wages, working hours/overtime, headcounts and employment status



Digital Grievance Application : IOI Mesra

• 24/7 app for the workers to report any grievances anonymously



Direct Online Interview during Recruitment Process

 To combat forced labour indicators during recruitment in the source country



Online Assessment for Pre-alert Grievance System

 Additional step to bridge any gaps regarding our worker's welfare and well-being



Digital E-wallet System for Money Transfer

 To provide systematic salary disbursement to our workers through digital banking platform



Child Education Initiative: Pledge to ILO 2021

 2021 -Year for the Elimination of Child Labour – On-going "Countering Child Labour through Education - Zero Cost Full Day Education for our workers' children in Sabah



Thank You for your Attention



Responses to Minority Shareholders Watch Group's Queries



Operational and Financial Matters

Q1. The Group initiated a Five-Year Plan in March 2020, now in its fourth year, where the first priority is to increase plantation oil yield by at least 15% by the end of 2024 [page 20 of Annual Report 2023 ("AR2023")]. The labour shortage also caused a delay in the Group's fertilising, milling and transportation activities. As a result, the crude palm oil ("CPO") production output was affected which led to lower oil yields (page 65 of AR2023).

Given the delay in fertilising of the Group's plantations and the potential effects of El Niño phenomenon, is the target to increase plantation oil yield by at least 15% by the end of 2024 still achievable?

IOI Response:

The target to increase plantation oil yield by at least 15% by the end of 2024 from 2020 CPO production level would be challenging, in view that the Group is catching up on replanting of past prime trees in Sabah due to the severe labour shortage in the past 2 years, as well as in view of the impending El Niño phenomenon which would negatively affect the Group's oil yield.



Operational and Financial Matters

Q2. The Group's second strategic priority centres on reduction of its plantation workforce by increasing the land to worker ratio through implementation of various estate mechanisation and digitalisation initiatives (page 20 of AR2023).

As the Group is accelerating its digitalisation and mechanisation plans to progressively reduce its dependency on manual workers (page 69 of AR2023), what would be the ideal manual workers workforce size for optimal fresh fruit bunch ("FFB") production?

IOI Response:

We are determined to achieve our target of an optimal land-to-worker ratio of 10 hectares to 1 worker, primarily through digitalisation, automation, and mechanisation initiatives. At this moment, we have successfully implemented on approximately 80% of our total planted area with Mainline Mechanised FFB evacuation employing grabber technology.



IOI Response (cont'd):

Despite the intensified mechanisation, our Group's current land-to-worker ratio which stands at approximately 8.5 hectares to 1 worker remains relatively low as we still require a higher workforce to address the backlog of tasks accumulated during the period of severe worker shortage and these includes catching up on activities such as replanting, maintenance of immature palms, pruning and weeding, etc.

We would be able to achieve the optimal target of 10 hectares to 1 worker once we have completed all pending backlog tasks as mentioned above.



Operational and Financial Matters

Q3. The Group's new 110,000 MT/year capacity fatty acid plant in Prai, Penang and state-of-the-art soap noodles plant in Pasir Gudang, Johor started commissioning in the second quarter of 2023. This new fatty acid plant has increased the Group's oleochemical production capacity by about 14% from 780,000 MT/year to 890,000 MT/year (page 21 of AR2023).

To what extent has the Group's new fatty acid and soap noodles plants capacity been taken up?

IOI Response:

The Group's total production volume for oleochemical segment has not increased materially despite the higher capacity, due to muted demand as a result of the weaker global economic environment. Nevertheless, we have partly switched utilisation of the Group's older plants to the new fatty acid and soap noodles plant which is much more efficient to achieve a lower production cost and higher flexibility to customise based on our customers' product requirements.